

AFRICAN-AMERICANS/BLACKS

ONCE CALLED VENEREAL DISEASES,
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS
AFFECT MEN AND WOMEN OF ALL
BACKGROUNDS AND ECONOMIC
LEVELS. THEY ARE MOST PREVALENT
AMONG TEENAGERS AND YOUNG
ADULTS. ALMOST HALF OF ALL STIS
OCCUR IN YOUNG PEOPLE 15 TO 24
YEARS OLD. BLACKS AND LATINOS
HAVE A HIGHER INCIDENCE OF STIS
AND HIV/AIDS THAN WHITES IN
CONNECTICUT AND THE RATE OF
DEATH FROM HIV/AIDS WHEN
COMPARED WITH LATINOS AND
WHITES IS HIGHEST AMONG BLACKS.

HIV/AIDS

Incidence rates of HIV/AIDS for Connecticut residents by ethnicity per 100,000 from 2001-2005:

 Latino
 81.9

 Black
 73.2

 White
 11.0

 Asian
 3.4

The death rate from HIV/AIDS is almost 15 times higher for blacks and almost 10 times higher for Latinos than for whites in Connecticut. From 2000 to 2004 the death rate per 100,000 from HIV/AIDS was:

Black 27.0 Latino 17.8 White 1.8

SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS

The incidence rates per 100,000 population by ethnic group for chlamydia, gonorrhea and syphilis in Connecticut were each highest among blacks from 2001 to 2005.

Chlamydia
Black 895.4
Latino 465.9
White 49.4
Gonorrhea
Black 383.2
Latino 102.2
White 13.3
Syphilis
Black 3.2
Latino 1.5
White 0.7

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health, The 2009 Connecticut Health Disparities Report

Together we can eliminate health disparities.

An initiative of the Hispanic Health Council